

Instructions for disinfection of potable water system

The following is from the NFPA 1192-Annex A, Explanatory Material, A.7.3.7.5.

To assure complete disinfection of your potable water system, it is recommended that the following procedures be followed on a new system, one that has not been used for a period of time, or one that may have become contaminated. This procedure is also recommended before long periods of storage such as over winter.

- 1. Prepare a chlorine solution using 1 gallon of water and ¼ cup of household bleach (sodium hypochlorite solution). With tank empty, pour chlorine solution into the tank(s). Use 1 gallon solution for each 15 gallons of tank capacity. This procedure will result in a residual chlorine concentration of 50 ppm in the water system. If a 100 ppm concentration is required as discussed in item 3, use ½ cup of household bleach with 1 gallon of water to prepare the chlorine solution. One gallon of the solution is used for each 15 gallons of tank capacity.
- 2. Complete filling of tank with potable water. Open each faucet and run the water until a distinct odor of chlorine can be detected in the water discharged. Do not forget the hot water taps.
- 3. Allow the system to stand for at least 4 hours when disinfecting with 50 ppm residual chlorine. If a shorter time period is desired, then a 100 ppm chlorine concentration needs to be permitted to stand in the system for the last 1 hour.
- 4. Drain and flush with potable water.







